

GOLF TEE

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a golf tee, and more specifically, a golf tee that permits
5 to make every tee shot consistent.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Conventionally, when a golf tee is planted into the ground, a golfer eyeballs the
depth to which the golf tee penetrates the ground, thus determining the height of the
golf ball above the ground for a tee shot. However, depending on the size of the driver
10 head, a different height of the golf ball above the ground for a tee shot is required. For
example, an oversized driver head calls for a higher placement of a golf ball above the
ground than the normal sized driver head. A particular golf club used to strike a golf
ball may work best with a specific height of the golf ball above the ground placed on a
golf tee. Merely eyeballing this height causes inconsistent shots.

15 What is needed is a simple and inexpensive golf tee that insures consistent
placement of a golf ball above the ground.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention satisfies this need. Specifically, the golf tee according to this
invention comprises a concave ball support surface on one end and a ground
20 penetrating point at its other end. Also provided is ground penetration stopping means
disposed on its shaft. The purpose of the ground penetration stopping means is
stopping the ground penetrating point at a predetermined depth, thus permitting

consistent placement of a golf ball above the ground on the golf tee, corresponding to the specifications of a specific driver.

25 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS FIGURES

FIG. 1 shows an isometric and side elevational views of the golf tee according to this invention;

FIG. 2 shows a side elevational view of the golf tee according to this invention inserted into the ground and holding a golf ball.

30 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

This invention will be better understood with the reference to the drawing figures FIG. 1 and FIG. 2. The same numerals indicate the same elements in all views and drawing figures. Viewing FIG. 1, there is shown a golf tee. Numeral 10 indicates a shaft. Shaft 10 has elongated shape and comprises a concave ball support surface indicated by numeral 20 on one end. Shaft 10 terminates in a ground penetrating point, indicated by numeral 30, at its other end.

Numeral 40 indicates a ground penetration stopping means. Ground penetration stopping means 40 is disposed on shaft 10 and its purpose is stopping ground penetrating point 30 at a predetermined depth.

40 In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 1, ground penetration stopping means 40 is a disk having a top surface indicated by numeral 40a and a bottom surface indicated by numeral 40b. Top surface 40a and bottom surface 40b are substantially perpendicular to the axis of shaft 10. The axis of ground penetration stopping means 40 (the disk) coincides with the axis of shaft 10.

45 Numeral 50 indicates the distance from top surface 40a to ball support surface
20. In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 1, distance 50 is shown as 35
millimeters. However, distance 50 ranges from about 25 millimeters to about 40
millimeters, and may be about 30 millimeters specifically. Distance 50 depends on the
specifications of a specific driver as it defines the specific height of the golf ball above
50 the ground placed on the golf tee according to this invention.

Numeral 60 indicates the diameter of the disk that forms ground penetration
stopping means 40. In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 1, diameter 60 is
about 10 millimeters. However, diameter 60 ranges from about 5 millimeters to about
20 millimeters.

55 Viewing now FIG. 2, numeral 70 indicates a golf ball. Golf ball 70 sits atop ball
support surface 20. Ground penetrating point 30 is inserted into the ground until bottom
surface 40b abuts the ground and prevents further penetration of ground penetrating
point 30 into the ground. Accordingly, golf ball 70 sits at the specific height above the
ground, determined by distance 50, thus permitting consistent placement of golf ball 70
60 corresponding to the specifications of the specific driver.

The golf tee according to this invention may be formed from plastic or other
suitable material known to the persons knowledgeable in the pertinent arts by a
compression molding process, a transfer molding process, a casting process, an
injection molding process, or similar process known to persons knowledgeable in the
65 relevant arts.

While the present invention has been described and defined by reference to the
preferred embodiment of the invention, such reference does not imply a limitation on

the invention, and no such limitation is to be inferred. The invention is capable of considerable modification, alteration, and equivalents in form and function, as will occur to those ordinarily skilled and knowledgeable in the pertinent arts. The depicted and described preferred embodiments of the invention is exemplary only, and is not exhaustive of the scope of the invention. Consequently, the invention is intended to be limited only by the spirit and scope of the appended claims, giving full cognizance to equivalents in all respects.